

**Structure of 2-amino-3,5-dibromo-N-cyclohexyl-N-methylbenzenemethanamine-salicylic acid (1:1)
(ABCMBMA-SALA), $C_{14}H_{20}Br_2N_2C_7H_6O_3$: errata.** By NOBUYUKI SHIMIZU and SADAO NISHIGAKI,
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Abstract

The space group of the title compound [Shimizu, Nishigaki, Nakai & Osaki (1983). *Acta Cryst.* C39, 891–893] is not $P\bar{1}$ but $C2/c$ with a , b , c taken along [011], [011], [102], giving cell edges $a = 15.466$ (45), $b = 11.799$ (13), $c = 24.335$ (27) Å, $\beta = 99.33$ (18)°, $Z = 8$. The final discrepancy index for the correct space group is 5.8% for 2274 symmetry-independent reflections.

Final atomic parameters are listed in Table 1 and bonding geometry is shown in Table 2,* the latter being within 1σ of the average of the corresponding two sets of values reported previously.

The atomic coordinates (x, y, z) and the Miller indices (h, k, l) of the $C2/c$ structure are given by the following equations.

(i) *Atomic coordinates*

$$\begin{aligned}x &= -x' + (-y' + z')/2 + 1, \\y &= -x' + (y' + z')/2, \\z &= -x' + 1,\end{aligned}$$

where x' , y' , z' are the coordinates of the A and C molecules reported previously.

(ii) *Index transformation*

$$h = l' - k', \quad k = l' + k', \quad l = -h' - 2l',$$

where h' , k' , l' relate to the previous $P\bar{1}$ structure.

There are essentially no changes involving the intermolecular H-bond contacts.

We would like to thank Dr Y. Le Page of the National Research Council, Ottawa, for pointing out this error. The atomic coordinates in Table 1, after suitable transformation,

Table 1. Positional parameters and equivalent isotropic thermal parameters with e.s.d.'s in parentheses

	x	y	z	$B_{eq}(\text{\AA}^2)^*$
ABCMBMA				
Br(1)	0.93879 (6)	0.51399 (7)	0.56482 (3)	6.19
Br(2)	0.95684 (6)	0.06942 (6)	0.64870 (4)	6.47
C(1)	0.8922 (4)	0.3766 (5)	0.7139 (2)	3.32
C(2)	0.9004 (4)	0.4558 (5)	0.6724 (2)	3.58
C(3)	0.9239 (4)	0.4134 (5)	0.6232 (2)	3.90
C(4)	0.9398 (4)	0.3003 (6)	0.6144 (3)	4.47
C(5)	0.9325 (4)	0.2265 (5)	0.6575 (3)	4.22
C(6)	0.9091 (4)	0.2623 (5)	0.7065 (3)	3.83
N(1)	0.8836 (4)	0.5690 (4)	0.6780 (2)	4.71
C(7)	0.8700 (4)	0.4100 (5)	0.7693 (2)	3.78
N(2)	0.7775 (3)	0.3766 (4)	0.7748 (2)	3.45
C(8)	0.7123 (4)	0.4587 (5)	0.7458 (3)	4.27
C(9)	0.7635 (4)	0.3543 (5)	0.8343 (2)	3.85
C(10)	0.7925 (4)	0.4541 (6)	0.8724 (3)	4.68
C(11)	0.7765 (5)	0.4272 (8)	0.9313 (3)	6.37
C(12)	0.8246 (6)	0.3197 (8)	0.9531 (3)	6.54
C(13)	0.7943 (5)	0.2215 (7)	0.9145 (3)	6.48
C(14)	0.8083 (5)	0.2450 (5)	0.8545 (3)	4.58
SALA				
C(15)	0.6153 (4)	0.2706 (5)	0.6315 (3)	4.02
C(16)	0.5279 (5)	0.3022 (5)	0.6117 (3)	4.82
C(17)	0.5062 (6)	0.3469 (7)	0.5589 (4)	6.72
C(18)	0.5703 (9)	0.3621 (7)	0.5263 (3)	7.94
C(19)	0.6574 (8)	0.3331 (8)	0.5450 (4)	8.47
C(20)	0.6794 (5)	0.2867 (6)	0.5978 (3)	6.23
C(21)	0.6391 (5)	0.2233 (5)	0.6886 (3)	3.94
O(1)	0.7175 (3)	0.2040 (3)	0.7069 (2)	4.78
O(2)	0.5778 (3)	0.2059 (4)	0.7154 (2)	6.18
O(3)	0.4653 (3)	0.2897 (4)	0.6442 (2)	6.02

* B_{eq} defined according to Hamilton (1959).

agree within 3×10^{-4} with those given by Marsh (1984), whose results were made known to us by Professor D. H. Templeton.

References

- HAMILTON, W. C. (1959). *Acta Cryst.* 12, 609–610.
MARSH, R. E. (1984). *Acta Cryst.* C40, 901.
SHIMIZU, N., NISHIGAKI, S., NAKAI, Y. & OSAKI, K. (1983). *Acta Cryst.* C39, 891–893.